SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT PROBATE COURT GUIDELINES

Effective October 1, 2025

The role of the Probate Commissioner and the procedures for the Probate Court are set forth in Washoe District Court <u>Rule 57</u>. These Guidelines are promulgated to provide parties and their counsel with procedures and information to supplement that rule. Carefully following these Guidelines will ensure your matter is adjudicated in the most efficient way possible.

1. Filing Probate or Trust Matters

(a) Filing a Probate or Trust Petition and Other Papers

All probate filings must be completed electronically, via the "E-Flex" system. For more information, see the Court's E-Filing Information page here. Please refer to WDCR 10 for the proper formatting of all papers filed with the Court.

(b) Department and Case Number

All petitions, pleadings, or other moving papers must use the "PR" designation for Probate Court as the Department Number in the caption unless otherwise ordered or unless the case has been referred to another judicial department. All newly filed cases will be assigned a new case number. The clerk will not fill in a new case number (or a hearing date) in the caption of your pleading.

(c) Verification of Pleadings

All petitions must be verified according to <u>NRS 15.010</u> and must have the appropriate document code for the type of document filed. Please see the document code list <u>here</u>.

(d) Redaction of Personal Information

All filed papers and exhibits must <u>not</u> contain certain personal information of any person (living or deceased). Personal information includes, but is not limited to: Social Security Numbers, Driver License Numbers, and Account Numbers of any kind. See <u>WDCR 10(8)</u>. The last four digits of any such number may be left unredacted. Every paper filed <u>must</u>, immediately above the last signature line, contain an affirmation as required by <u>WDCR 7</u>. A standard affirmation form to use as the last page of your filing can be found <u>here</u>. Inclusion of personal information, or failure to include a proper affirmation, will result in the striking of your filing.

(e) Trust Matters

Trust matters (governed by <u>Chapters 162 through 167</u> of Nevada Revised Statutes) are heard by the Probate Court in the same manner as probate matters (which are governed by <u>Title 12</u> of Nevada Revised Statutes). Petitions concerning trust matters must expressly state the basis for, and seek, the Court's assumption of jurisdiction over the trust, see <u>NRS 164.010</u>, in addition to seeking relief related to a trust's internal affairs, see <u>NRS 164.015</u>.

2. Scheduling a Probate or Trust Hearing

(a) Choosing a Hearing Date

The weekly Probate calendar can be found at www.washoecourts.com/Probate/Calendar. All hearing requests must be submitted through the website. In order for your request to be approved, you must first file the petition or other matter to be heard, <a href="mailto:and-submit-alpha-edge-number-su

Once a petition is on file and a proposed order in Word format has been emailed, you can schedule a hearing by following these steps:

- (1) Visit our website at https://www.washoecourts.com. Select the DEPARTMENTS link and click on PROBATE.
- (2) At the bottom of the page, select Click to Schedule a Probate Hearing. The available hearing dates will be listed. Select the desired hearing date. Fill in ALL fields regarding your request.
- (3) A notification is automatically sent to the Probate Department with your request. You will receive an email notifying you that your request has been submitted and is pending approval. A second email confirming or denying your request will be sent to you from the Probate Department. Do not file and serve your Notice of Hearing until you have received confirmation of your hearing date.

(b) Notice of Hearing

When you have a confirmed hearing date, you must file a notice of hearing. The basic form of Notice of Hearing can be found on the "Forms" section of the Probate Department website, but particular language may be required in some special cases, such as appointment under the Independent Administration of Estates Act, NRS 143.345(3), approval of attorney fees, NRS 150.060(9), or the set aside of an estate without administration, NRS 146.070(11).

In accordance with the Administrative Order 2020-7, the following additional language is required to be added to any notice of hearing that is filed in accordance with NRS NRS 155.010 and NRS 155.020:

This hearing will be conducted by conference call only. Any person who wishes to be heard on this matter shall obtain the public dial-in number and Meeting ID by visiting https://www.washoecourts.com/Probate, or by calling (775) 328-3100 at least two days in advance of the hearing.

The Notice of Hearing must be served by mail on all "interested persons" in the estate, and in some cases, published in advance of the hearing date. See <u>NRS 155.010</u> and <u>NRS 155.020</u>. The definition of an "interested person" can change during the course of an estate. For more information, see <u>NRS 132.185</u> and <u>NRS 132.390</u>. Once the notice is mailed, a Certificate of Service should be filed into the case.

Initial petitions for probate, and for the setting aside of an estate, must be mailed to the Director of the Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, through its Medicaid Estate Recovery Unit. Other than the notice of hearing on an initial petition, and a notice to creditors, no other notices need to be served on Medicaid unless a claim or other appearance has been filed in the case on behalf of Medicaid. See NRS 132.390(2)(b). The proper address for the Medicaid Estate Recovery Unit is:

DHCFP - Medicaid Estate Recovery 9850 Double R Blvd, Ste 200 Reno, NV 89521

It is no longer necessary to deliver a courtesy copy of your Notice of Hearing to the Probate Department, as provided in WDCR 57.4(f). It is suggested that you check the website several days after receiving the confirmation email from the Court, to ensure that your matter is set on the Probate Calendar.

3. The Probate Hearing Calendar

Probate and Trust matters will be initially heard by the Probate Commissioner. All regular hearings before the Probate Commissioner take place weekly on **Wednesdays at 10:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m.**, via Zoom teleconference. The Zoom Meeting ID or other meeting credentials are available on the top of the Probate Department website: https://www.washoecourts.com/Probate.

All uncontested Probate and Trust matters will be reviewed up to three weeks in advance and placed on the stacked "approved", "heard", "deficiency" or "deficiency-heard" calendar, unless vacated. Please visit https://www.washoecourts.com/Probate/Calendar to see the current designation of a pending matter.

(a) Approved Calendar

Attorneys and parties for matters on the Approved Calendar need not be present for the scheduled hearing. In order for a matter to be approved:

- (1) The petition or paper must meet all statutory requirements for that type of petition or paper, and be verified;
- (2) A proposed order in Microsoft Word format must be emailed to probatedept@washoecourts.us at the time the hearing is scheduled. See below for the guidelines regarding acceptable orders.
- (3) All required notices, publications, and proofs thereof must be filed and served, as appropriate, at least 12 days prior to the hearing.

(b) Heard Calendar

All matters which do not meet the requirements above will be placed on the "deficient" or "heard" calendar. Sales or other title transfers of real property, petitions for instructions in trust cases, and contested matters will always be on the "heard" calendar unless otherwise continued or vacated. In other cases, a matter may be set to be "heard" when the Court cannot grant the petition as filed, but believes that additional argument or supplemental information may permit it to be granted. The "heard" calendar may continue for up to two hours after the hearing start time, so please plan accordingly. The petitioning attorney must appear at the hearing. A petitioning party who is represented by counsel need not appear unless the matter is contested, or unless otherwise directed by the Probate Department, but shall be freely available by telephone during the hearing in case the need arises. Please email probatedept@washoecourts.us if you are unsure of whether appearance of the party in addition to the attorney is required. Notification of cases that are "vacated" or "continued" will be posted on the online Probate calendar.

(c) Deficient Matters

All matters which are determined to be deficient will be so designated. To learn more about a deficiency and ways it might be cured, please visit https://www.washoecourts.com/probate/deficiencyreport. A matter may be re-designated as either Approved or Heard if the deficiency is cured prior to hearing. If a matter is not redesignated or vacated prior to hearing, and remains designated "deficient", the petitioning attorney should appear at the hearing to make arrangements for cure, continuance, or other appropriate disposition. Otherwise, the matter will be denied. Please see Section 6 below, entitled "Deficiencies".

4. Appointment of Personal Representatives

(a) Instructions for Personal Representatives

All recommendations by the Probate Commissioner for the issuance of Letters require the Personal Representative to sign and file a copy of the "Instructions for Personal Representative" as a condition of obtaining letters. This form can modified but should be in substantially the form found on the Probate Department website, which can be accessed here.

(b) Bond

Determinations of bond (or the use of a blocked estate account) for a Personal Representative are made on a case-by-case basis. Petitions requesting waiver of the bond of a Personal Representative should set forth specific grounds for waiving the bond, or a blocked account may be requested. See NRS 142.020 for more details.

(c) Obligations of Personal Representatives

Persons seeking appointment as Personal Representative should be prepared to attend any hearings during the case where attendance has not been waived. A Personal Representative, and each co-Personal Representative, has a duty to monitor the status of the estate. A "straw person" co-Personal Representative who has no access to the property and records of the estate does not meet this standard, and can be subject to sanctions and, in some cases, personal liability to interested persons for failure to comply with legal requirements.

5. Orders

A proposed order must be submitted in Word format via email for the signature of the Probate Commissioner and Probate Judge, at the time a petition is filed, unless otherwise permitted or directed by the Probate Commissioner. Paper copies are not accepted. Proposed orders may be modified in the Probate Commissioner's discretion. If an order requires a modification of substance, the matter may be heard.

(a) Format

Orders should be in Microsoft Word or Word-compatible format, in 12-point type, double spaced, using the "Bookman Old Style" font, if available. Orders should strictly comply with WDCR 10, except WDCR 10(11) (requiring the filer's information on the top left of the filing). Orders which are emailed to the Probate Department from an attorney's office email address need not include name of the submitting attorney or party.

(b) Findings of Fact

Proposed findings of fact in an order should be plainly and concisely stated. Proposed findings, in most cases, should not include a full repetition of all the allegations of the petition, but should recite sufficient facts, standing alone, to support the relief granted. Allegations in a petition cannot be incorporated by reference in an order.

(c) Signature Block

Each proposed Order should include a signature block in the following form:

DATED this day of	, 20
IT IS SO RECOMMENDED) .
IT IS SO ORDERED.	PROBATE COMMISSIONER
	DISTRICT JUDGE

(d) Specificity

If real property is being transferred in the order, the legal description, assessor's parcel number (APN) and street address must be included in the proposed order. Likewise, if a mobile home, trailer or vehicle is being transferred, the order must contain the serial number or vehicle identification number (VIN). It is important to double-check these numbers before submitting a proposed order to avoid the need to later seek an amended order.

6. Deficiencies

The Probate Department will conduct a review of the cases and designate a status on the <u>Calendar</u> found on the Probate Department website by Friday, twelve days prior to your hearing date. All deficiencies will be posted in the <u>Deficiency Report</u>. In some cases, a petition may be denied prior

to a scheduled hearing if it is deficient in a way that cannot be cured. Deficient matters are typically re-reviewed for curing documents on the Friday and Monday preceding the hearing date, so matters that are designated as "deficient" may not be re-designated until that time.

Once posted, a deficiency that does not cause your hearing to be vacated can only be cured by filing the curing documents by 12:00 noon on the Monday before your hearing. If deficiencies are not cured by noon on the Monday prior to your hearing date, the matter scheduled for hearing may remain on the "deficient" calendar, and the petitioner or counsel should plan to appear at the hearing to notify the Court that the deficiency has been cured. Even if you timely file a curing document, your attendance at the hearing is required unless the matter is re-designated as a "1" (approved") on the Probate calendar. If you have questions, if you have cured a deficiency, or you believe your matter was designated in error, please contact probatedept@washoecourts.us.

In cases where proof of publication is not available when the Court reviews your petition, your matter may be designated "deficient" until you file a proof of publication. The matter may be "approved" without a proof of publication, however, if you file an "Interim Publication Report" (IPR) using docket code "3835," including extra text identifying the document as the Interim Publication Report. The IPR must include a copy of at least one publication email from the newspaper that shows the content of the publication and the dates it will be published. Even if you file an IPR, you must file a complete "proof of publication" no later than Monday at noon before your hearing date.

7. Contested Matters

Objections should be in writing and filed in advance of a scheduled hearing whenever possible. If a party appears in Court to object to any matter, the matter will be continued, depending on the nature of the objection, to allow the objector to file and serve an objection in writing. The Probate Department will notify counsel for the petitioner of the objection and continuance if the petitioner was not present. If no written objection is on file by the continued hearing date or other deadline set by the Court, the original petition may be granted at the continued hearing.

(a) Objection on File

In contested matters where a written objection is filed prior to hearing, the scheduled hearing will become a status hearing where the Court will determine (1) whether a settlement conference should be scheduled; (2) whether an evidentiary hearing or other contested hearing date should be set instead, (3) whether referral to the Probate Judge is necessary or appropriate in the case, and (4) whether discovery or other matters should be addressed by a pre-trial recommendation and order.

(b) Objection at Hearing

In contested matters where a written objection is not filed prior to hearing but an objection is made in Court, the matter will be continued to a future hearing date to permit the filing of a written objection. At the continued hearing, the Court will attempt to determine (1) whether a Settlement Conference should be scheduled; (2) whether a contested hearing date should be set instead, (3) whether referral to the Probate Judge is necessary or appropriate in the case, and (4) whether discovery or other matters should be addressed in a pre-trial recommendation and order.

(c) Settlement Conferences

Settlement conferences must include all adverse parties and their counsel, unless otherwise ordered by the Court. In the case of a settlement conference before the Probate Commissioner, confidential settlement statements must be delivered to the Probate Department by 12:00 p.m. 3 judicial days before a settlement conference. Statements shall be a maximum 5 pages, exclusive of exhibits. Settlement conferences before the Probate Commissioner are usually scheduled for four hours. Settlement conferences before a district judge shall be conducted in accordance with that department's orders and directives.

8. Sales of Real Property

When filing a Return of Sale and Petition for Confirmation of Sale of Real Property, the following must be included in the petition or attached as an exhibit, as the case may be:

- (a) A copy of the Offer & Acceptance attached as an exhibit;
- **(b)** A narrative rendition of the applicable sales commissions, payable by and to whom, any other allocations of closing costs and other relevant monetary details, and the closing date;
- **(c)** The legal description, assessor's parcel number (APN) and street address must be included in the proposed order;
- **(d)** Proof of Publication of Notice of Intent to Sell, unless an Interim Publication Report is filed in accordance with Section 6, above. Note: A Notice of Sale must be published, unless publication is waived in accordance with NRS 148.220. The Notice of Hearing does not require publication, although it must be served by mail on the buyer as well as all other interested parties of the estate.

9. Inventory and Accountings

(a) Inventory

The Inventory or Record of Value is due 120 days after appointment of the Personal Representative. NRS 144.010. The Inventory must contain a description of all assets of the Decedent subject to probate in Nevada and their values as of the date of death, supported by appraisals, when available, or other appropriate third-party evaluations of value. Known encumbrances must also be listed. The Inventory must also identify the property's character, i.e. community or separate. NRS 144.040(3)(a). Each section (real property, personal property, cash assets, etc.) must be subtotaled and show a final recapitulation of all assets, less encumbrances and a total net estate value at the end.

(b) Accounts

While there is no required form for a probate accounting, it should clearly demonstrate the starting balance for the accounting period (as provided in the Inventory or a previously approved accounting), all receipts and disbursements by the Personal Representative during the accounting period, and the balance on hand at the end of the accounting period. The required form for trust accountings, including the form for a summary of account provided in NRS 165.135(2) is acceptable, if accompanied by supporting documentation. Accountings must be detailed and itemized: i.e. show each receipt with the date, payor, description and amount, and show disbursements with the date, payee, description and amount. Subtotal all columns in each section. A recapitulation must be included showing the assets remaining on hand for distribution. Generally, any list of numbers should include a total sum. All Creditor Claims must be listed in the petition for approval of a final accounting, even if untimely, including the name of the creditor, the date filed, the amount, and the disposition of the claim (approved, paid, compromised and paid, or rejected).

10. Milestones

The Court tracks the progress of all Summary and General Administration Estates via the Milestones Tracker. The Milestones for any case can be viewed by visiting our web site at: https://www.washoecourts.com/Milestones. Parties and counsel that do not timely meet the deadlines set by the Milestones Tracker may be subject to hearings and the imposition of sanctions. The Milestones are listed below:

Milestone	General Administration Default Track	NV Statute or Probate Guidelines	Summary Administration Default Track	NV Statute or Probate Guidelines
Petition for Appointment	Case Initiation	n/a	Case Initiation	n/a

Notice of Hearing	30 days from Petition	NRS 136.100, NRS 139.100, NRS 155.010	30 days from Petition	NRS 136.100, NRS 139.100, NRS 155.010
Publication of Notice of Hearing	21 days from Notice of Hearing	NRS 155.020, NRS 155.080	21 days from Notice of Hearing	NRS 145.030
Order Appointing	75 days from Petition	n/a	75 days from Petition	n/a
Letters Issued/Filed	10 days from Order Appointing	n/a	10 days from Order Appointing	n/a
Notice to Creditors	30 days from Order appointing	NRS 155.020(4)	30 days from Order Appointing	NRS 155.020(4)
Proof of Publication of Notice to Creditors	120 days from Order Appointing	NRS 155.020, NRS 155.080	90 days from Order Appointing	NRS 155.020, NRS 155.080
Inventory	120 days from Issuance of Letters	NRS 144.010	120 days from Issuance of Letters	NRS 144.010
Accounting	180 days from Order Appointing	NRS 150.080	180 days from Order Appointing	NRS 150.080
Accounting	435 days from Order Appointing	NRS 150.105	435 days from Order Appointing	NRS 150.105
Report to Court - NRS 143.035	180 days from Order Appointing	NRS 143.035	180 days from Order Appointing	NRS 143.035
Petition for Final Distribution	435 days from Order Appointing	NRS 150.110, NRS 151.080	435 days from Order Appointing	NRS 150.110, NRS 151.080
Petition for Discharge	510 days from Order Appointing	NRS 151.230	510 days from Order Appointing	NRS 151.230

The Milestones system is designed to track non-compliant cases; the deadlines established, in many cases, are greater than statutory requirements, and should not be used as a guide to determine the compliance of your case with statutory deadlines. All Personal Representatives and counsel are directed to comply with all statutory deadlines.

11. Attorney's Fees

Every attorney for a Personal Representative is entitled to a reasonable fee, NRS 150.060(1), and only a reasonable fee, cf. RPC 1.5(a). An attorney may also seek fees for services provided by a paralegal, NRS 150.060(3). Each petition for attorney's fees is reviewed for reasonableness on a case-by-case basis. There is no "per se reasonable" or "per se unreasonable" amount or percentage of attorney's fees in probate cases. However, the Court applies particular scrutiny where an attorney's invoice far exceeds the statutory fees set forth in NRS 150.060(4). Attorneys (and paralegals) should not bill for clerical tasks, such as scheduling probate hearings with the Probate Department, lodging a will, e-filing a document, etc.

(a) Detailed Description of Services

Fee requests must be supported by a detailed and itemized billing: i.e. the date of service, a description of the service, the time charged, and the hourly rate. Costs must be itemized and all categories (fees and costs) individually totaled. Any cost retainers received must be shown and accounted for in the final request for approval. If relying on a statutory percentage retainer agreement, the agreement must be produced to the Court for examination, and the calculation of fees must be set forth in the petition. This paragraph is

applicable to any type of fee request, including one in a set-aside proceeding. Please review the notice requirements for attorney's fee petitions in NRS 150.060.

(b) Fees for Extraordinary Services

Unusually high invoices usually involve extraordinary services. Where "extraordinary" fees are sought, the petition (and proposed order) should specifically set forth the extraordinary services performed, and shall set forth the amount of fees for extraordinary services being sought, and the amount of fees for ordinary services. See NRS 150.061.

12. Petitions for Discharge

Petitions for Discharge under <u>NRS 151.230</u> must be filed as a separate document following final distribution of the estate (and not as part of the petition for final distribution). A Petition for Discharge may be filed ex parte, along with a Request for Submission and a proposed order; a hearing is not required.

(a) Filing of Receipts

Receipts or vouchers must be filed for all persons or entities receiving money or property, including attorney and Personal Representatives. It is not sufficient for the receipt to state that the devisee or distributee has received, for example, "1/2 of the residue of the Estate". Each Receipt must indicate the dollar amount or description of the property received to ensure that the entire Estate has been distributed in accordance with the final order.

(b) Attorney's Fees for Closing the Estate

13. Special Administration

In accordance with to <u>NRS Chapter 140</u>, the Court may appoint a special administrator under certain circumstances. The Probate Department urges you to refer to the applicable statutes for details, and that the following procedure be followed:

(a) Ex-Parte Petitions

Your verified petition may be filed ex parte, along with a Request for Submission and a proposed order.

(b) Death Certificate

The petition must include a copy of the death certificate (with the social security number redacted) or some other evidence of death. Color copies of death certificates are preferred, in order to avoid the "copy" watermark showing prominently.

(c) Contents of Petition

The petition must contain allegations which comply with all other statutes pertaining to appointment of Personal Representatives, such as:

- (1) Jurisdiction and Venue: Identify the Decedent's county of residence at death, any property located or subject to administration within Washoe County, and the appropriateness of Washoe County as the venue. See NRS 136.010;
- (2) Address of the petitioner;
- (3) Qualifications of petitioner, see NRS 139.010, and proposed bond amount;

- (4) Names and physical addresses of heirs (under <u>NRS Chapter 134</u>) and devisees (under a will, if any); relationship and <u>age if a minor</u> (otherwise "Adult" is sufficient);
- (5) Character and description of property and estimated value of estate; and
- (6) Explanation of why special administration is necessary.

(d) Required Language for Proposed Orders

The Proposed Order Appointing Special Administrator must contain, in addition to appropriate findings of fact and the appointment language, the following paragraphs:

[IT IS FURTHER ORDERED] that any money received by the estate of the Decedent shall be placed in a blocked estate account, or the attorney's client trust account, until further order of the Court approving disposition of the funds.

The Special Administrator is shall comply with the provisions of NRS 140.080(2) before selling any securities of the estate.

The Special Administrator is further ordered to comply with the provisions of NRS 144.010 within sixty (60) days from the date of this Order.

The Special Administrator shall petition the Court for administration, setaside, discharge of the special administrator, or a report as to why no such petition can be filed, as appropriate, within one hundred eighty (180) days of the date of this Order.

(e) Sales of Real Property by Special Administrators

Sometimes, petitioners seek special administration in order to market a property for sale. A Special Administrator, on request, may be permitted to market a property for sale, and to seek confirmation of a sale, so long as a petition for regular letters is filed concurrently with the petition for confirmation of sale, so that the petitioner is appointed at or prior to the actual closing date. Closing of sales by special administrators is disfavored, and requires express authorizing language in the order confirming sale.

(f) Proposed Orders for Special Administration to Pursue Litigation

In addition to the above, the Proposed Order Appointing Special Administrator must contain, in cases where the purpose of the appointment is to pursue a wrongful death or other civil action, the following language:

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the settlement of any claims or lawsuits on behalf of the estate of the Decedent is subject to the Probate Court's approval.

Questions? probatedept@washoecourts.us (775) 328-3100